

### UNIVERSAL PHOTONICS™ INCORPORATED

85 Jetson Lane • Central Islip • NY 11722 • 516.935.4000 NUVITE Chemical Compounds is a Division of UPI

Advanced Surfacing Products & Technology • www.universalphotonics.com • www.nuvitechemical.com

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

This safety data sheet was created pursuant to the requirements of: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 and Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Revision date 11-Oct-2023 Revision Number 1

## 1. Identification

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product Code(s) PC3000KIT

Product Name SKYDE CLEAR

Contains Benzylamine

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Restricted to professional users

Uses advised against No information available

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier

Universal Photonics, Inc. 85 Jetson Lane

Central Islip, NY 11722

For further information, please contact

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Verisk 3E™: ACCT # 3665 Access Code: 333748

Domestic: 1-866-519-4752 International: +1-760-602-8700

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

regulation (EC) No 1272/2000	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1 Sub-category B - (H314)
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1 - (H318)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 2 - (H411)
Flammable liquids	Category 3 - (H226)

### 2.2. Label elements

Contains Benzylamine



Signal word Danger

### **Hazard statements**

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request

### Precautionary Statements - EU (§28, 1272/2008)

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower]

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P391 - Collect spillage

P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

### **Additional information**

This product requires tactile warnings if supplied to the general public. This product requires child resistant fastenings if supplied to the general public.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Toxic to aquatic life.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1 Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2 Mixtures

Chemical name	EC No	CAS No	Weight-%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	REACH registration number
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	202-681-1	98-56-6	60 - 70%	No data available	No data available
Mixture	Listed	-	0 - 10%	Acute Tox. 4 (H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H312) Skin Corr. 1B (H314)	
Isopropanol	200-661-7	67-63-0	0 - 10%	Eye Irrit. 2 (H319) STOT SE 3 (H336) Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)	No data available
Toluene	203-625-9	108-88-3	0 - 10%	Skin Irrit. 2 (H315)	No data available

	Repr. 2 (H361d) STOT SE 3 (H336)
	STOT RE 2 (H373)
	Asp. Tox. 1 (H304)
	Flam. Liq. 2 (H225)

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

## 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical

attention immediately. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If breathing is difficult, (trained personnel should) give oxygen. Delayed pulmonary edema may occur. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep

eye wide open while rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Skin contact**Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes

and shoes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

Self-protection of the first aider Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s)

involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid direct contact with skin. Use barrier to give

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** Burning sensation.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Note to physicians** Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated.

Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Do not give chemical antidotes. Asphyxia from glottal edema may occur. Marked decrease in blood

pressure may occur with moist rales, frothy sputum, and high pulse pressure.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media Dry chemical. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Water spray. Alcohol resistant foam.

Large Fire CAUTION: Use of water spray when fighting fire may be inefficient.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not scatter spilled material with high pressure water streams.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Risk of ignition. Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of ignition. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. The product causes burns of eyes, skin and mucous membranes. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See

section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Attention!

Corrosive material.

Other information Ventilate the area. Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if

safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Should not be released into the

environment. Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor

suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other

non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Methods for cleaning up

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert

absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

Prevention of secondary hazards Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See section 8 for more information. See section 13 for more information.

## 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

 hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use grounding and bonding connection when transferring this material to prevent static discharge, fire or explosion. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Use according to package label instructions. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

## General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### **Storage Conditions**

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame and other sources of ignition (i.e., pilot lights, electric motors and static electricity). Keep in properly labeled containers. Do not store near combustible materials. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Store in accordance with local regulations. Protect from moisture. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Store away from other materials.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Risk Management Methods (RMM) The information required is contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

## **Exposure Limits**

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	•	•	•	-	TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isopropanol 67-63-0	-	TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 999 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1250 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 400 ppm STEL: 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 500 mg/m³ STEL: 400 ppm STEL: 1000 mg/m³	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup> *	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 191 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 384 mg/m³ Sk*	TWA: 20 ppm TWA: 76.8 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 384 mg/m³	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 192 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 384 mg/m³ vía dérmica*	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 190 mg/m³ H*
Chemical name	Italy	Portugal	Netherlands	Finland	Denmark
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6	-	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	-	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isopropanol 67-63-0	-	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm	-	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 250 ppm STEL: 620 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 490 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Toluene 108-88-3	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 192 mg/m³ pelle*	TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 81 mg/m³ STEL: 100 ppm STEL: 380 mg/m³	TWA: 25 ppm TWA: 94 mg/m³ H*

		P*		iho*	
Chemical name	Austria	Switzerland	Poland	Norway	Ireland
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	-	-	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
98-56-6					STEL: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Isopropanol	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	STEL: 1200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm
67-63-0	TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 400 ppm
	STEL 800 ppm	STEL: 400 ppm		STEL: 150 ppm	Sk*
	STEL 2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 306.25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Toluene	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
108-88-3	TWA: 190 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 190 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 94 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA: 50 ppm
	STEL 100 ppm	STEL: 200 ppm		STEL: 37.5 ppm	STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	STEL 380 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		STEL: 141 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL: 100 ppm
	H*	H*		H*	Sk*

## **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Chemical name	European Union	United Kingdom	France	Spain	Germany
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride 98-56-6		-	3 mg/g creatinine - urine (Fluorides) - beginning of shift 10 mg/g creatinine - urine (Fluorides) - end of shift		
Isopropanol 67-63-0		-	-	40 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of workweek	25 mg/L - whole blood (Acetone) - end of shift 25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift
Toluene 108-88-3	-	-	1 mg/L - venous blood (Toluene) - end of shift 2500 mg/g creatinine - urine (Hippuric acid) - end of shift	0.6 mg/L - urine (o-Cresol) - end of shift 0.05 mg/L - blood (Toluene) - start of last shift of workweek 0.08 mg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of shift	600 µg/L - whole blood (Toluene) - immediately after exposure 75 µg/L - urine (Toluene) - end of shift 1.5 mg/L - urine (o-Cresol (after hydrolysis)) - for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts 1.5 mg/L - urine (o-Cresol (after hydrolysis)) - end of shift
Chemical name	Italy	Portugal	Netherlands	Finland	Denmark
Toluene 108-88-3	-	<del>-</del>	-	500 nmol/L - blood (Toluene) - in the morning after a working day	
Chemical name	Austria	Switzerland	Poland	Norway	Ireland
Isopropanol 67-63-0	-	25 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift 25 mg/L - whole blood (Acetone) -	-	-	40 mg/L - urine (Acetone) - end of shift at end of workweek

		end of shift			
Toluene	10 g/dL Hemoglobin	600 μg/L - whole	-	-	0.02 mg/L - blood
108-88-3	- blood () - by the	blood (Toluol) - end			(Toluene) - prior to
	first screening and	of shift			last shift of
	once yearly	2 g/g creatinine -			workweek
	12 g/dL Hemoglobin	urine (Hippuric acid)			0.03 mg/L - urine
	- blood () - by the	- end of shift, and			(Toluene) - end of
	first screening and	after several shifts			shift
	once yearly	(for long-term			0.3 mg/g Creatinine -
	3.2 million/µL	exposures)			urine (o-Cresol) -
	Erythrocytes - blood	0.5 mg/L - urine			end of shift
	() - by the first	(o-Cresol) - end of			
	screening and once	shift, and after			
	yearly	several shifts (for			
	3.8 million/µL	long-term <sub>.</sub>			
	Erythrocytes - blood	exposures)			
	() - by the first	75 μg/L - urine			
		(Toluol) - end of shift			
	yearly				
	4000 Leukocytes/µL				
	- blood () - by the				
	first screening and				
	once yearly 13000				
	Leukocytes/µL -				
	blood () - by the first				
	screening and once				
	yearly				
	130000				
	Thrombocytes/µL -				
	blood () - by the first				
	screening and once				
	yearly				
	150000				
	Thrombocytes/µL -				
	blood () - by the first				
	screening and once				
	yearly				
	0.8 mg/L - urine				
	(o-Cresol) - after end				
	of work day, at the				
	end of a work				
	week/end of the shift				

**Derived No Effect Level (DNEL)** No information available.

**Predicted No Effect Concentration** No information available.

(PNEC)

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

**Eye/face protection** Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

**Hand protection** Wear suitable gloves. Impervious gloves.

**Skin and body protection** Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved clothing. Chemical resistant apron.

Antistatic boots.

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required.

General hygiene considerations Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use.

None known

**Environmental exposure controls** No information available.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance No information available

ColorclearOdorSolvent.

Odor threshold No information available

PropertyValuesRemarks • MethodpHNo data availableNot determined

Melting point / freezing point

No data available

Not determined

Flash point 43 °C

Evaporation rateNo data availableNone knownFlammability (solid, gas)No data availableNone knownFlammability Limit in AirNone known

**Upper flammability or explosive** No data available

limits

Lower flammability or explosive No data available

limits

Vapor pressureNo data availableNone knownVapor densityNo data availableNone known

Relative density 1.26

Water solubility
No data available
None known
No data available
None known

Partition coefficientNo data availableNone knownAutoignition temperatureNo data availableNone knownDecomposition temperatureNo data availableNone knownKinematic viscosityNo data availableNone known

Dynamic viscosityNo data availableExplosive propertiesNo information availableOxidizing propertiesNo information available

9.2. Other information

Softening point
Molecular weight
VOC Content (%)
Liquid Density
No information available

## 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** No information available.

10.2. Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Explosion data** 

Sensitivity to mechanical impact None. Sensitivity to static discharge Yes.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions None under normal processing.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, flames and sparks. Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Incompatible materials Acids. Bases. Oxidizing agent.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products None known based on information supplied.

## 11. Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure

### **Product Information**

**Inhalation** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Corrosive by inhalation.

(based on components). Inhalation of corrosive fumes/gases may cause coughing, choking, headache, dizziness, and weakness for several hours. Pulmonary edema may occur with tightness in the chest, shortness of breath, bluish skin, decreased blood pressure, and increased heart rate. Inhaled corrosive substances can lead to a toxic edema of the lungs.

Pulmonary edema can be fatal.

Eye contact Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes serious eye damage.

(based on components). Corrosive to the eyes and may cause severe damage including

blindness. May cause irreversible damage to eyes.

**Skin contact** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Corrosive. (based on

components). Causes burns.

**Ingestion** Specific test data for the substance or mixture is not available. Causes burns. (based on

components). Ingestion causes burns of the upper digestive and respiratory tracts. May cause severe burning pain in the mouth and stomach with vomiting and diarrhea of dark blood. Blood pressure may decrease. Brownish or yellowish stains may be seen around the mouth. Swelling of the throat may cause shortness of breath and choking. May cause lung

damage if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Symptoms Redness. Burning. May cause blindness. Coughing and/ or wheezing.

Numerical measures of toxicity

**Acute toxicity** 

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document

**ATEmix (oral)** 4,680.70 mg/kg **ATEmix (dermal)** 3,011.10 mg/kg

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	= 13 g/kg (Rat)	> 3300 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 33 mg/L (Rat) 4 h
Mixture		= 1.34 g/kg (Rat)	> 0.65 mg/L (Rat) 3 h
Isopropanol	= 1870 mg/kg (Rat)	= 4059 mg/kg ( Rabbit )	> 10000 ppm (Rat) 6 h
Toluene	= 2600 mg/kg (Rat)	= 12000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	= 12.5 mg/L (Rat)4 h

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Skin corrosion/irritation**Classification based on data available for ingredients. Causes burns.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Classification based on data available for ingredients. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Causes burns.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** No information available.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No information available.

Carcinogenicity No information available.

Reproductive toxicity No information available.

The table below indicates ingredients above the cut-off threshold considered as relevant which are listed as reproductive toxins.

Chemical name	European Union
Toluene	Repr. 2

**STOT - single exposure** No information available.

**STOT - repeated exposure** No information available.

**Aspiration hazard** No information available.

## 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

**Ecotoxicity**Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Unknown aquatic toxicity**Contains 0 % of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	

p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	-	LC50: =3mg/L (96h, Danio rerio)	-	EC50: =3.68mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Mixture	-	LC50: 97.9 - 106mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas)	-	-
Isopropanol	EC50: >1000mg/L (96h, Desmodesmus subspicatus) EC50: >1000mg/L (72h, Desmodesmus subspicatus)	LC50: =9640mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =11130mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: >1400000µg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus)	-	EC50: =13299mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)
Toluene	EC50: >433mg/L (96h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata) EC50: =12.5mg/L (72h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	LC50: 15.22 - 19.05mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: =12.6mg/L (96h, Pimephales promelas) LC50: 5.89 - 7.81mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 14.1 - 17.16mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: =5.8mg/L (96h, Oncorhynchus mykiss) LC50: 11.0 - 15.0mg/L (96h, Lepomis macrochirus) LC50: =54mg/L (96h, Oryzias latipes) LC50: =28.2mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata) LC50: 50.87 - 70.34mg/L (96h, Poecilia reticulata)	<del>-</del>	EC50: 5.46 - 9.83mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna) EC50: =11.5mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability No information available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** There is no data for this product.

**Component Information** 

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	3.7
Mixture	1
Isopropanol	0.05
Toluene	2.73

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility in soil** No information available.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

## PBT and vPvB assessment

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	The substance is not PBT / vPvB

Mixture	The substance is not PBT / vPvB
Isopropanol	The substance is not PBT / vPvB PBT assessment does
	not apply
Toluene	The substance is not PBT / vPvB PBT assessment does
	not apply

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects No information available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues/unused

products

Should not be released into the environment. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Dispose of waste in accordance with environmental legislation.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers pose a potential fire and explosion hazard. Do not cut, puncture of weld

containers.

## 14. Transport information

**IMDG** 

14.1UN numberUN126314.2UN proper shipping namePaint14.3Transport hazard class(es)314.4Packing groupIII

**Description** UN1263, Paint, 3, III, (43°C c.c.), Marine pollutant

14.5 Marine pollutant P
Environmental hazards Yes

14.6 Special Precautions for Users

 Special Provisions
 163, 223, 367, 955

 EmS-No
 F-E. S-E

14.7. Transport in bulk according to No information available

Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC

Code

RID

14.1UN numberUN126314.2UN proper shipping namePaint14.3Transport hazard class(es)3Labels314.4Packing groupIII

**Description** UN1263, Paint, 3, III, Environmentally Hazardous

14.5 Environmental hazards Yes

14.6 Special Precautions for Users

Special Provisions 163, 650, 367

Classification code F1

ADR

14.1UN numberUN126314.2UN proper shipping namePaint14.3Transport hazard class(es)3Labels314.4Packing groupIII

**Description** UN1263, Paint, 3, III, (D/E), Environmentally Hazardous

14.5 Environmental hazards Yes

14.6 Special Precautions for Users

**Special Provisions** 163, 650, 367

Classification code F1
Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

<u>IATA</u>

14.1UN numberUN126314.2UN proper shipping namePaint14.3Transport hazard class(es)314.4Packing groupIII

**Description** UN1263, Paint, 3, III

14.5 Environmental hazards Yes

14.6 Special Precautions for Users

Special Provisions A3, A72, A192

ERG Code 3L

## 15. Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### National regulations

### **France**

Occupational Illnesses (R-463-3, France)

Chemical name	French RG number	Title
Isopropanol 67-63-0	RG 84	-
Toluene 108-88-3	RG 4bis,RG 84	-

### Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) Obviously hazardous to water (WGK 2)

### **European Union**

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work

## Authorizations and/or restrictions on use:

This product contains one or more substance(s) subject to restriction (Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex XVII)

Chemical name	Restricted substance per REACH	Substance subject to authorization per
	Annex XVII	REACH Annex XIV
Mixture -	75.	
Isopropanol - 67-63-0	75.	
Toluene - 108-88-3	48.	
	75.	

### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not applicable

## Dangerous substance category per Seveso Directive (2012/18/EU)

P5a - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS P5b - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS P5c - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

### E2 - Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment in Category Chronic 2

### Ozone-depleting substances (ODS) regulation (EC) 1005/2009 Not applicable

### **International Inventories**

Complies **TSCA DSL/NDSL** Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Does not comply **ENCS** Does not comply **IECSC** Does not comply **KECL** Does not comply **PICCS** Does not comply **AICS** Does not comply

### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Report No information available

## 16. Other information

### Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

## Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3

H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

#### Legend

SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern for Authorization:

## Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit)

Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

Classification procedure		
Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Method Used	
Acute oral toxicity	Calculation method	
Acute dermal toxicity	Calculation method	
Acute inhalation toxicity - gas	Calculation method	
Acute inhalation toxicity - vapor	Calculation method	

Acute inhalation toxicity - dust/mist	Calculation method
Skin corrosion/irritation	Calculation method
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Calculation method
Respiratory sensitization	Calculation method
Skin sensitization	Calculation method
Mutagenicity	Calculation method
Carcinogenicity	Calculation method
Reproductive toxicity	Calculation method
STOT - single exposure	Calculation method
STOT - repeated exposure	Calculation method
Acute aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Chronic aquatic toxicity	Calculation method
Aspiration hazard	Calculation method
Ozone	Calculation method

### Key literature references and sources for data used to compile the SDS

Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry (ATSDR)

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ChemView Database

European Food Safety Authority (EFSA)

EPA (Environmental Protection Agency)

Acute Exposure Guideline Level(s) (AEGL(s))

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency High Production Volume Chemicals

Food Research Journal

Hazardous Substance Database

International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Japan GHS Classification

Australia National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (NICNAS)

NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

National Library of Medicine's ChemID Plus (NLM CIP)

National Library of Medicine's PubMed database (NLM PUBMED)

National Toxicology Program (NTP)

New Zealand's Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Environment, Health, and Safety Publications

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development High Production Volume Chemicals Program

Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development Screening Information Data Set

RTECS (Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances)

World Health Organization

Revision date

11-Oct-2023

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**